Summary and Analysis of AB 310 (Nevaeh Youth Sports Safety Act Amendment)

Summary:

AB 310, introduced by Assemblymember Alanis, seeks to strengthen the existing **Nevaeh Youth Sports Safety Act** by enhancing cardiac emergency preparedness requirements for
youth sports organizations. While the original law required that an **automated external defibrillator (AED)** be available during practices and matches, the proposed amendments
introduce additional safety measures:

- 1. Coach Certification Requirement: By January 1, 2027, all youth sports coaches must be certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and AED operation.
- Emergency Response Plan: Organizations must develop a written and well-practiced cardiac emergency response plan that details AED locations, responsibilities of staff and bystanders, and training procedures.
- 3. **AED Maintenance & Testing**: AEDs must be **regularly maintained and tested** per manufacturer and federal/state guidelines.

The bill does not include an **appropriation** (funding), is not subject to **fiscal committee review**, and does not create a **local program mandate**.

Pros:

- Enhanced Player Safety: Ensures a faster and more effective response to cardiac emergencies, potentially saving lives.
- Coach Preparedness: Empowers coaches to act immediately rather than waiting for medical personnel, reducing response time.
- Comprehensive Emergency Planning: A written response plan improves coordination among coaches, athletes, and bystanders, minimizing confusion during an emergency.
- Improved AED Accessibility & Functionality: Regular maintenance ensures reliable AED operation when needed.
- Consistent Training Standards: Aligns with nationally recognized, evidence-based standards, ensuring organizations follow best practices.

Cons:

- Financial Burden on Organizations: Some smaller or underfunded youth sports organizations may struggle with the cost of CPR/AED certification and AED maintenance.
- ★ Implementation Challenges: Ensuring that all coaches complete certification and that organizations develop a well-practiced emergency plan could pose administrative hurdles.
- **Potential Legal Liability:** If a coach is certified but fails to respond effectively, organizations and individuals could **face legal consequences**.
- **Time Commitment for Coaches:** Volunteer or part-time coaches may **resist additional training requirements**, especially if they coach multiple teams.

Fictitious Support and Opposition Lists

Support:

- California Coaches Association (CCA)
- Sudden Cardiac Arrest Foundation
- California Parent-Teacher Association (PTA)
- American Heart Association (AHA)
- California High School Athletic Federation (CIF)
- Plack Youth Leadership Project

Opposition:

- Small Youth Sports Clubs Association (SYSCA)
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- Ocommunity Recreation Programs Alliance (CRPA)